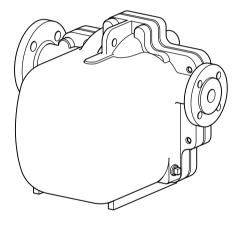
spirax Sarco IM-P612-04

ST Issue 7

# Automatic Pump Trap Installation and Maintenance Instructions



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## 1. Product information

Description

The Spirax Sarco automatic pump trap is a displacement receiver pressure rated to PN16. The unit is capable of automatically trapping or pumping, depending on line conditions. The unit is operated by steam and is used to remove condensate from process plant under all pressure conditions including vacuum.

#### Sizes and pipe connections

Size	Size DN40 x DN25			
	Fluid connections Inlet Outlet Motive/Exhaus			
	DN40 (1½")	DN25 (1")	DN15 (½")	
PN16 - EN 1092 / DIN 2533			BSP or NPT	
ANSI 150 - B 16.5			NPT	
JIS / KS10 - JIS B 2210 / KS B 1511			BSP	
BSP - BS 21 parallel		BSP		
NPT			NPT	

#### Limiting conditions

Body design conditions BS 4504 Section 3.2		tion 3.2 PN16
Maximum motive inlet pressure	13.8 bar g	(200 psi g)
Maximum operating pressure	13.8 bar g	(200 psi g)
Maximum back pressure	5.0 bar g	(72 psi g)
Maximum operating temperature	198°C	(388°F)
Minimum operating temperature	-10°C	(14°F)
Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of:	24 bar g	(348 psi g)
Minimum installation head (from base of pump)	0.2 m	(8")
Recommended installation head (from base of pump)	0.3 m	(12")

#### **Technical specification - Nominal capacities**

For full capacity details for a specific application consult Spirax Sarco.

To accurately size the pump trap, the following data is required.

- 1. Installation head available, from the base of the pump trap to the centre line of the heat exchanger/process condensate outlet (m). If the outlet is mounted vertically, then this should be from the base of the pump to the face of the outlet.
- 2. Motive steam pressure available to power the pump trap (bar g).
- 3. Total back pressure in the condensate return system (barg). See note below.
- **4.** Heat exchanger full load operating pressure (bar g).
- 5. Heat exchanger maximum steam load (kg/h).
- 6. Minimum temperature of secondary fluid. (°C).
- 7. Maximum controlled temperature of secondary fluid (°C).

Size	DN40 x DN25
Pump discharge/cycle	5 litres
1 metre installation head	Maximum trapping capacity 4 000 kg/h
:: 5 bar g (72 psi g) motive 1 bar g (14 psi g) total back pressure	Maximum pumping capacity 1 100 kg/h

**Note:** Total lift or back pressure BP (static head plus pressure head in the return system) must be below the motive fluid inlet pressure to allow pump capacity to be achieved.

BP (back pressure) =  $(H \times 0.0981) + (P) + (Pf)$ 

Height (H) in metres x 0.0981 plus pressure (P) bar g in the return line, plus downstream piping friction pressure drop (Pf) in bar.

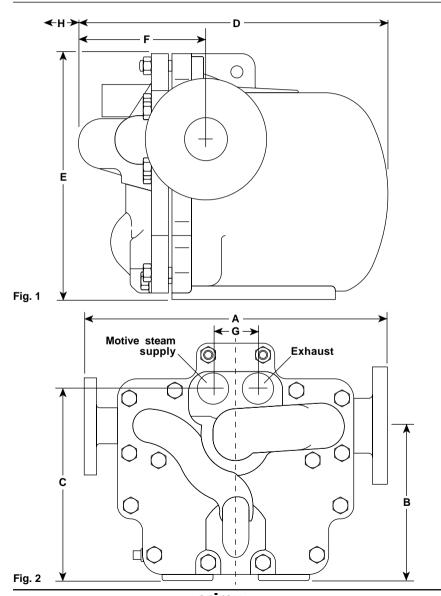
(Pf can be ignored if the downstream pipework is less than 100 metres to a non-flooded condensate return and has been sized to take into account the effect of flash steam at the heat exchanger's full load operating conditions.)

#### How to order

**Example:** 1 off Spirax Sarco APT14 automatic pump trap, DN40 x DN25, flanged PN16 with BSP motive fluid connections.

#### Dimensions / weights (approximate) in mm and kg

DN40 x DN25	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Weight
Flanged	389	198	246	382	304	157	57	250	45
Screwed	350	198	246	382	304	157	57	250	45



#### **Materials**

No.	Part	Material		
1	Cover	SG iron	DIN 1693 GGG 40.3 / ASTM A395	
2	Cover gasket	Graphite laminated with stainless steel insert		
3	Body	SG iron	DIN 1693 GGG 40.3 / ASTM A395	
4	Cover bolts	Stainless steel	ISO 3506 Gr. A2 70	
5	Pump lever	Stainless steel	BS 1449 304 S15	
6	Float	Stainless steel	BS 1449 304 S15	
7	Trap lever	Stainless steel	BS 1449 304 S15	
8	Trap 2nd stage valve	Stainless steel	ASTM A276 440 B	
9	Trap housing	Stainless steel	BS 3146 ANC 2	
10	Ball		ASTM A276 440 B	
11	Seat (inlet check valve)	Stainless steel	AISI 420	
12	Flap (inlet check valve)	Stainless steel	BS 3146 ANC 4B	
13	Pump mechanism bracket	Stainless steel	BS 3146 ANC 4B	
14	Spring (pump)	Stainless steel	BS 2056 302 S26 Gr. 2	
15	Split pin	Stainless steel	BS 1574	
16	Exhaust seat	Stainless steel	BS 970 431S29 / ASTM A276 431	
17	Inlet valve and seat assembly	Stainless steel		
18	Exhaust valve	Stainless steel	BS 3146 ANC 2	
19	Valve seat gasket	Stainless steel	BS 1449 409 S19	
20	Pump mechanism bolt	Stainless steel	ISO 3506 Gr A2 70	
21	Trap housing bolt	Stainless steel	BS 6105 A4 80	
22	Trap 1st stage valve	Stainless steel	BS 970 431S29 / ASTM A276 431	
23	'O' ring	EPDM		
24	Actuator arm	Stainless steel	BS 3146 ANC 2	
25	Name-plate	Stainless steel	BS 1449 304 S16	
26	Drain plug	Stainless steel	DIN 17440 1.4571	
27	Inlet valve spring	Stainless steel		

### Disposal

There are no hazardous materials used in the construction of this product.

Any unwanted material should be recycled or disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner.

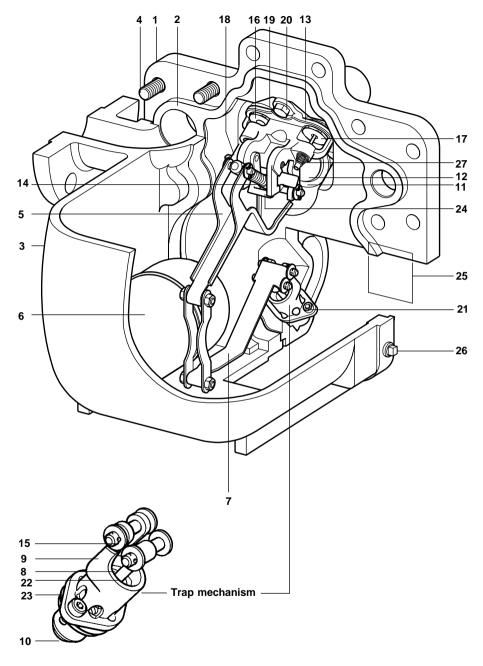


Fig. 3

## 2. Operation

### Step 1 (Fig. 4)

The APT14 automatic pump trap operates on a positive displacement principle. Condensate enters the body through the inlet swing check valve causing the float to rise. The float is connected to the trap mechanism via a multi-link pivot. If the upstream system pressure PS is sufficient to overcome the back pressure PB (Fig. 4), the build up of condensate will be discharged through the opening two stage trap mechanism.

In this way, the float will automatically modulate according to the rate of condensate entering the APT14, controlling the rate of opening and closure of the trap.

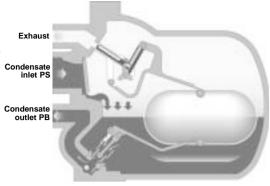


Fig. 4

## Step 2 (Fig. 5)

With some temperature controlled equipment, it is possible for the system pressure PS to be lower than the back pressure at PB (Fig. 5). If this occurs a standard trap will stall allowing the condensate to flood the equipment being drained.

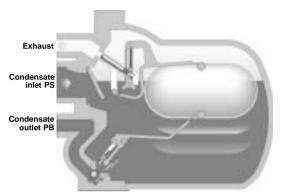


Fig. 5

## Step 3 (Fig. 6)

However, with the APT14, the condensate simply fills the main chamber - lifting the float until the changeover linkage is engaged, opening the motive inlet and closing the exhaust valve.

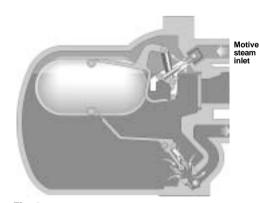


Fig. 6

## Step 4 (Fig. 7)

The snap action mechanism ensures a rapid change from the trapping mode to the active pumping mode. With the motive inlet valve open, the pressure in the APT14 increases above the total back pressure and the condensate is forced out through the trap seat into the plant's return system.

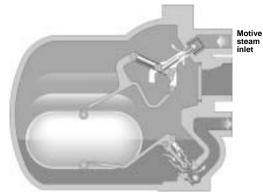


Fig. 7

### Step 5 (Fig. 8)

As the condensate level falls within the main chamber, the float re-engages the change over linkage, causing the motive inlet to close and the exhaust valve to open.

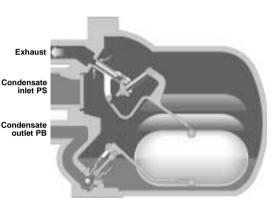
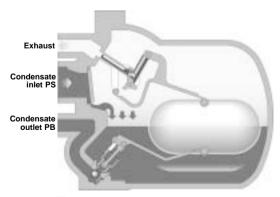


Fig. 8

## Step 6 (Fig. 9)

As the pressure inside the APT14 equalises with the condensate inlet pressure through the open exhaust valve, condensate re-enters via the inlet swing check valve. At the same time the outlet ball check valve ensures no condensate can drain back into the main chamber and the trapping or pumping cycle begins again.



7

Fig. 9

Return to Step 1.

# 3. Installation Important - safety note

Before any installation or maintenance procedure, always ensure that all steam or condensate lines are isolated.

Ensure any residual internal pressure in the product or connecting lines is carefully relieved. Also ensure any hot parts have cooled to prevent risk of injury from burns. Always wear appropriate safety clothing before carrying out any installation or maintenance work. A lifting point is cast into the top of the body. On no account should this be used to lift anything more than the total weight of the product (45 kg / 100 lbs). Always use suitable lifting gear and ensure the product is safely secured.

#### 3.1 Inlet piping

To prevent condensate backing up into the equipment being drained, it is recommended that the inlet pipework is sufficiently sized to accumulate condensate during the pump's discharge cycle. Generally a length and diameter of pipe to accommodate 4 litres of condensate will be sufficient. It is recommended this condensate reservoir is situated at least 1 pipe diameter below the process outlet but as high as possible above the APT14 inlet. It is essential that a Spirax Sarco Y-type strainer with a maximum 0.8 mm perforation screen size is fitted at the condensate inlet of the APT14, as shown in Fig. 11.

#### 3.2 Recommended installation head

An installation head of at least 0.3 m (12 ins) from the base of the unit is recommended. Minimum 0.2 m (8 ins) with reduced capacity. **Note**: During cold start-up conditions, it is possible for hydraulic pulsing of the inlet check valve to occur. It is advisable in this case to install a throttling isolation valve to reduce the filling pressure.

#### 3.3 Connections (refer to installation diagram Fig. 10 opposite)

The APT14 has four connection ports. The DN40 (1½") port should be connected to the outlet of the equipment being drained and the DN25 (1") port should be connected to the condensate return line. Flow arrows indicate the correct direction of flow. The DN15 (½") port marked (IN) should be connected to a trapped motive steam supply. \* It is important to ensure this line is drained of condensate at all times using a Spirax Sarco steam trap and filtered using a 100 mesh strainer. The screwed DN15 (½") port marked (OUT) should be balanced back as close as possible to the condensate outlet of the equipment. This balance line must always be connected to the top of the condensate pipe, as shown in Fig. 11. Note: If a thermal cut out device has been installed to protect the heat exchanger from excess temperature, then it is important this is mounted upstream of the steam control valve and the take-off point for the motive steam supply to the APT14.

#### 3.4 Outlet piping

It is important for the outlet piping to be correctly sized to prevent excessive back pressure on the APT14. This pipework should be sized to take into account the effects of flash steam at the heat exchangers full load operating conditions. Refer to TR-GCM-05 for Spirax Sarco's method of sizing this pipe.

## 4. Commissioning

- **4.1** After ensuring the inlet and outlet pipe connections and motive/exhaust connections are coupled in accordance with Fig.10 / 11, slowly open the motive steam inlet line to supply pressure to the APT14. Ensure the exhaust / balance line is open and not restricted in any way.
- **4.2** Slowly open the isolation valves in the condensate inlet and discharge lines, allowing condensate to fill the body of the APT14.
- **4.3** The APT14 is now ready to operate
- **4.4** When the process plant is operational, the APT14 will discharge condensate under all pressure conditions into the return line.
- **4.4** If any irregularities are observed, recheck the installation according to the recommendations. If the unit fails to operate, then consult the fault finding guide Section 8.

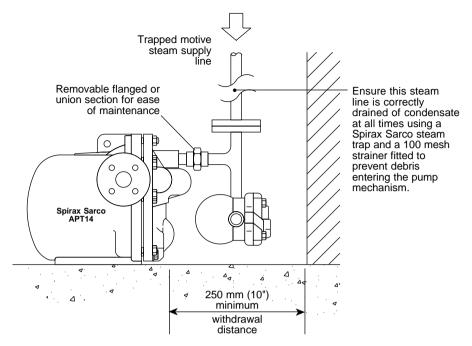
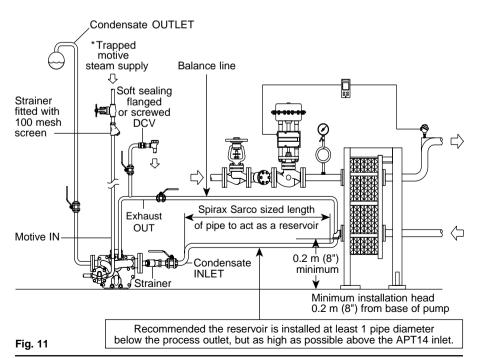


Fig. 10 Suggested coupling of motive supply and exhaust lines.



### 5. Maintenance

#### 5.1 Mechanisms inspection and repair (Important - safety note)

Before any installation or maintenance procedure, always ensure that all steam or condensate lines are isolated.

Ensure any residual internal pressure in the product or connecting lines is carefully relieved. Also ensure any hot parts have cooled to prevent risk of injury from burns.

Always wear appropriate safety clothing before carrying out any installation or maintenance work.

A lifting point is cast into the top of the body. On no account should this be used to lift anything more than the total weight of the product (45 kg/100 lbs). Always use suitable lifting gear and ensure the product is safely secured.

When dismantling this product, care should be taken to prevent injury from the snap action mechanism. Always handle with care.

#### 5.2 Removal and fitting of cover assembly

Please ensure the safety recommendations are observed before commencing with any maintenance of this product.

#### **Tools required**

19 mm A/F socket, Flat blade screw driver, Torque wrench.

#### 5.3 To remove the cover assembly

- Disconnect all connections to the cover. Remove the cover bolts using a 19 mm A/F socket, then carefully slide the cover assembly away from the body (250 mm minimum withdrawal distance will be needed). Lift the cover assembly to a bench or other convenient working surface and clamp securely, avoiding contact with the gasket face.
- 2. Visually inspect the mechanism for obvious damage. Check that it is free of dirt and scale and operates freely when the floats are moved up and down.
- 3. Inspect the spring assembly for damage. Make sure the valves slide freely and the spring loaded exhaust valve moves on its guide.
- **4.** Inspect the floats to ensure they are undamaged. Check they pivot smoothly on the pump and trap levers and they are not waterlogged.
- 5. Ensure the inlet swing check valve is free to move and the sealing faces of both the seat and the flap are clean and undamaged. (If the seat is badly scored or damaged a new cover assembly may be required).
- 6. Check the two stage trap module to ensure both the 1st and 2nd stage valves are free from dirt and debris. Ensure they slide open and close smoothly.
- 7. It is not possible to visually check the outlet check valve without removing the trap module (refer to Section 7 of this manual for correct removal and fitting of this part).
- **8.** If any of the parts appear damaged or fail to work correctly, then refer to Sections 6 and 7 of this manual for correct removal and fitting instructions.

#### 5.4 If a new cover assembly is to be fitted

- 1. Ensure the gasket face in the body is clean and free from debris. Carefully slide the new cover assembly into the existing body, whilst ensuring the new gasket (item 2) is carefully aligned with the gasket faces and no parts of it are trapped or pinched outside the sealing areas. To ensure accurate alignment of the cover and body, it is recommended the lower part of the cover's gasket seal is located into the body first. The top part of the seal can then be easily aligned.
- 2. Refit the cover bolts ensuring they are sequentially tightened in opposing pairs, gradually increasing torque to 63 ± 5 N m (46.5 ± 4 lbf ft).

Bolt size Socket size Tightening torque
M12 x 45 19 mm A/F 63 ± 5 N m (46.5 ± 4 lbf ft)

Carefully reconnect the motive steam supply and the exhaust lines to the connections marked (IN) and (OUT), then follow the start-up procedure in **Section 4 'Commissioning'** to bring the APT14 back into operation.

#### 5.5 Spare parts

#### Available spares

A Cover assembly	A - G inclusive
B Cover gasket	See page 13
C Inlet check valve	See page 13
D Spring and actuator arm	See page 13
E Floats	See page 13
F Trap and outlet check valve mechanism	See page 13
G Inlet/exhaust valves and seat kit	See page 13

#### Note:

Refer to Fig. 3 (page 5) for component number details.
For customer convenience, spares are supplied in kits to ensure all the appropriate replacement parts are available.

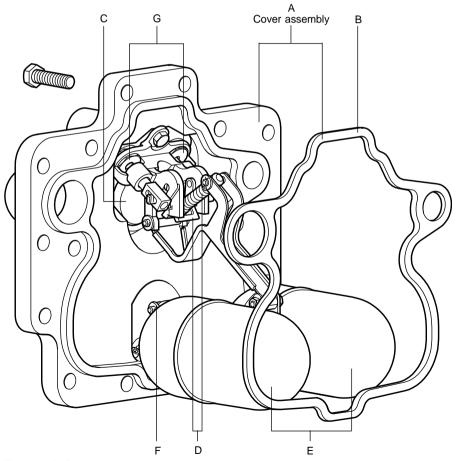


Fig. 12 A Cover assembly

#### 5.5 Spare parts

#### Available spares

Α	Cover assembly	A - G inclusive
В	Cover gasket	2
С	Inlet check valve	2, 12
D	Spring and actuator arm	2, 14, 24
Ε	Floats	2, 5, 6, 7
F	Trap and outlet check valve mechanism	2, 8, 9, 10, 21, 22, 23
G	Inlet/exhaust valves and seat kit	2, 16, 17, 18, 19, 27

#### Note:

Refer to Fig. 3 (page 5) for component number details.

For customer convenience, spares are supplied in kits to ensure all the appropriate replacement parts are available.

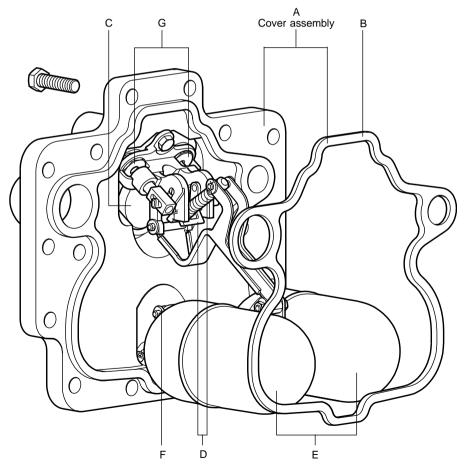
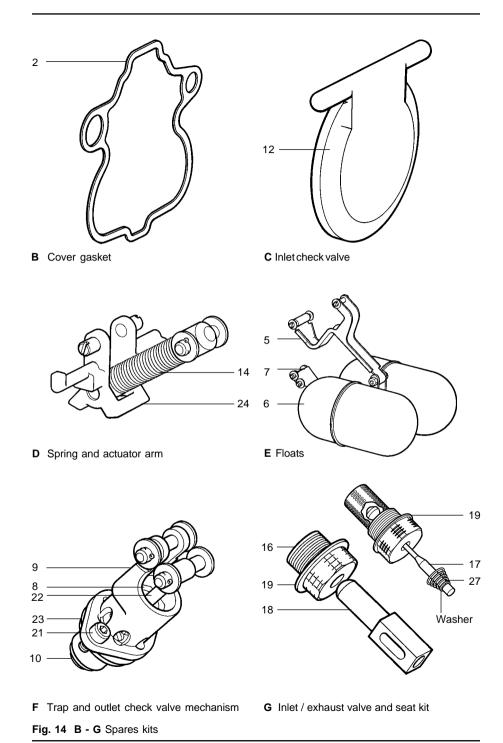


Fig. 13 A Cover assembly



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## 6. Replacement of spares (1)

Section 6. covers the replacement of the following spares:cover gasket, inlet swing check valve, spring and actuator arm and floats.

#### Important - safety note

Before any installation or maintenance procedure, ensure that all steam or condensate lines are isolated.

Ensure any residual internal pressure in the product or connecting lines is carefully relieved. Also ensure any hot parts have cooled to prevent risk of injury from burns. Always wear appropriate safety clothing before carrying out any installation or maintenance work.

A lifting point is cast into the top of the body. On no account should this be used to lift anything more than the total weight of the product (45 kg / 100 lbs). Always use suitable lifting gear and ensure the product is safely secured.

When dismantling this product, care should be taken to prevent injury from the snap action mechanism.

Always handle with care.

#### 6.1 Replacement of cover gasket

Please ensure the safety recommendations are observed before commencing with any maintenance of this product.

#### **Tools required**

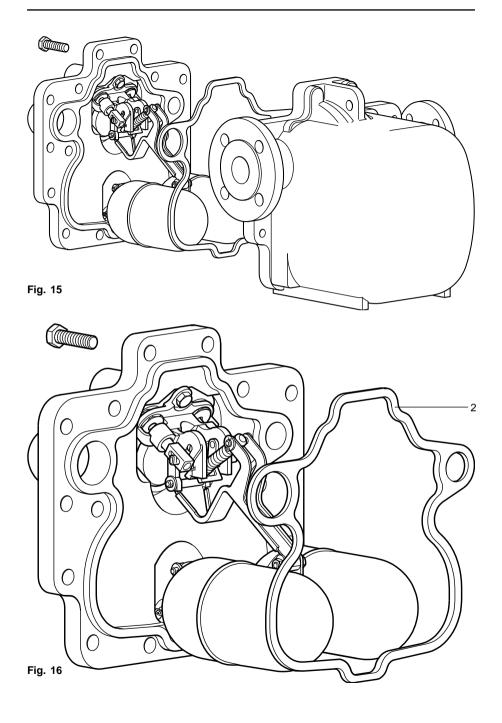
19 mm A/F socket, Flat blade screw driver, Torque wrench

#### To fit the new cover gasket

- 1. Disconnect all connections to the cover. Remove the cover bolts using a 19 mm A/F socket, then carefully slide the cover assembly away from the body (250 mm minimum withdrawal distance will be needed). Lift the cover assembly to a bench or other convenient working surface and clamp securely, avoiding contact with the gasket face (See Fig. 15).
- 2. Gently remove used gasket material from the body and cover, being careful not to damage the gasket sealing faces.
- 3. Carefully fit a new gasket (item 2) into the existing body (See Fig. 16).
- 4. Refit the cover assembly to the body, ensuring the gasket faces are carefully aligned and no parts of the gasket are trapped or pinched outside the sealing areas. To ensure accurate alignment of the cover and body, it is recommended the lower part of the cover's gasket seal is located into the body first. The top part of the seal can then be easily aligned.
- 5. Refit the cover bolts ensuring they are sequentially tightened in opposing pairs, gradually increasing torque to  $63 \pm 5$  N m ( $46.5 \pm 4$  lbf ft).

Bolt size	Socket size	Tightening torque
M12 x 45	19 mm A/F	63 ± 5 N m (46.5 ± 4 lbf ft)

Carefully reconnect the motive steam supply and the exhaust lines to the connections marked (IN) and (OUT). The APT14 is now ready to recommission.



#### 6.2 Replacement of inlet swing check valve

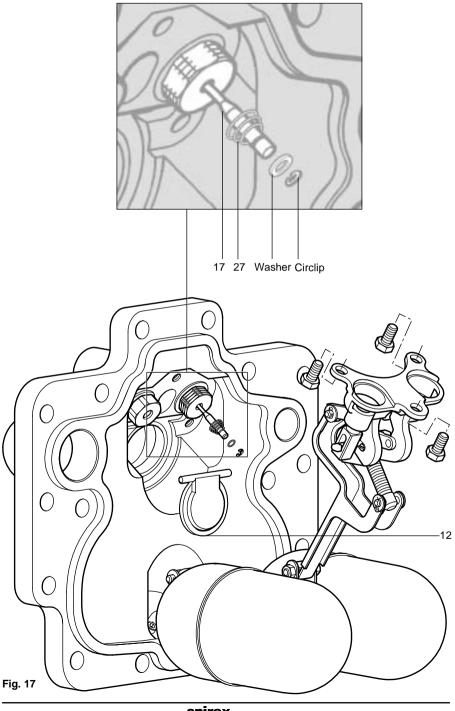
Please ensure the safety recommendations are observed before commencing with any maintenance of this product.

#### Tools required

19 mm A/F socket, 13 mm A/F socket, Flat blade screw driver, Torque wrench, Long nose pliers

#### To replace the inlet swing check valve

- 1. Remove the cover and old gasket (see cover gasket replacement procedure, Section 6.1).
- Lift the cover assembly to a bench or other convenient working surface and clamp securely, avoiding contact with the gasket face.
- 3. Carefully remove the circlip, washer and the inlet valve spring (item 27) from the end of the steam inlet valve (item 17).
- Remove the three M8 bolts that secure the pump mechanism bracket using the 13 mm A/F socket.
- Lift away the pump bracket assembly (See Fig. 17). This will allow access to the inlet swing check valve (item 12).
- 6. The swing check valve flap can now easily be withdrawn.
- Fit a new flap, ensuring the face of the check valve flap and seat are clean and free from damage.
- 8. Reassembly is the opposite to removal.
- 9. Tighten the three M8 bolts using the 13 mm A/F socket to  $18 \pm 2$  N m ( $13 \pm 1.5$  lbf ft).
- 10. It is important to ensure a new circlip is refitted to the steam inlet valve.
- 11. With the mechanism fully assembled, refit the cover assembly to the body, ensuring the gasket faces are carefully aligned and no parts of the gasket are trapped or pinched outside the sealing areas. To ensure accurate alignment of the cover and body, it is recommended the lower part of the cover's gasket seal is located into the body first. The top part of the seal can then be easily aligned.
- 12. Refit the cover bolts ensuring they are sequentially tightened in opposing pairs, gradually increasing torque to 63 ± 5 N m (46.5 ± 4 lbf ft).
- 13. Carefully reconnect the motive steam supply and the exhaust lines to the connections marked (IN) and (OUT). The APT14 is now ready to recommission.



#### 6.3 Replacement of spring and actuator arm

Please ensure the safety recommendations are observed before commencing with any maintenance of this product.

#### Tools required

19 mm A/F socket, Flat blade screw driver, Torque wrench, Long nose pliers

#### To replace the spring and actuator arm

- 1. Remove the cover and old gasket (see cover gasket replacement procedure, Section 6.1).
- Lift the cover assembly to a bench or other convenient working surface and clamp securely, avoiding contact with the gasket face.
- 3. Ensure the floats are at the bottom of their travel.
- **4.** Remove split pins, washers, and shafts (X and Y) from the top spring pivot and pump pivot points (See Fig. 18).
- 5. Allow the spring to drop free.
- 6. Draw the actuator arm downwards within its slots until the whole spring and actuator arm assembly with the exhaust valve comes free. It may be necessary to slide the exhaust valve (item 18) backwards against its internal spring to free it from the pump bracket guide (item 13).
- 7. Align the slot in the exhaust valve with the tang of the actuator arm.
- 8. Gently rotate the exhaust valve away from the tanged spigot of the actuator arm (item 24, shown in Fig. 18) being careful not to damage or lose the small exhaust valve compression spring.
- The spring and actuator arm can both be replaced.
   Note: There is no need to remove the spring from the actuator arm, as both these items are supplied fully assembled in the spares kit (See Fig. 19).
- 10. Fitting the new spring and actuator arm is the opposite to removal. Remember to compress the small spring within the exhaust valve (item 18) before refitting to the tanged spigot of the new actuator arm.
- 11. Ensure the actuator is correctly aligned and located within the slots of the pump bracket (item 13).
- 12. Once this is correctly located, ensure the exhaust valve can slide easily within its guides.
- **13.** Always use new split pins and washers when refitting the spring retaining shaft (Y) and pump pivot shaft (X).
- 14. With the mechanism fully assembled, reposition the cover assembly with the body, ensuring the gasket faces are carefully aligned and no parts of the gasket are trapped or pinched outside the sealing areas. To ensure accurate alignment of the cover and body, it is recommended the lower part of the cover's gasket seal is located into the body first. The top part of the seal can then be easily aligned.
- **15.** Refit the cover bolts ensuring they are sequentially tightened in opposing pairs, gradually increasing torque to  $63 \pm 5$  N m ( $46.5 \pm 4$  lbf ft).
- **16.** Carefully reconnect the motive steam supply and the exhaust lines to the connections marked (IN) and (OUT). The APT14 is now ready to recommission.

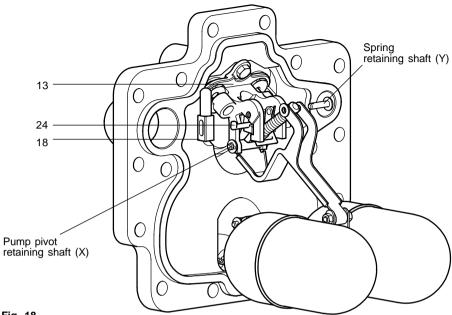
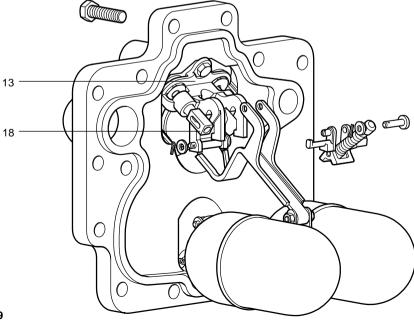


Fig. 18



#### 6.4 Replacement of floats

Please ensure the safety recommendations are observed before commencing with any maintenance of this product.

#### **Tools required**

19 mm A/F socket, Flat blade screw driver, Torque wrench, Long nose pliers

#### To replace the float and upper / lower levers

- 1. Remove the cover and old gasket (see cover gasket replacement procedure, Section 6.1).
- Lift the cover assembly to a bench or other convenient working surface and clamp securely, avoiding contact with the gasket face.
- 3. Remove a split pin and washer from one side of the spring retaining shaft (Y) (See Fig. 20).
- **4.** Remove a split pin and washer from one side of pump pivot retaining shaft (X).
- Carefully slide the shafts out from their respective positions observing the orientation of the spring and actuator arm (item 14, 24) within the pump bracket (item 13) as these will need to be refitted later.
- 6. Remove a split pin and washer from one side of the trap 1st stage valve retaining shaft (W).
- 7. Remove a split pin and washer from one side of the trap pivot retaining shaft (V).
- 8. The floats and lever assembly can now be removed and discarded as the replacement floats and levers are supplied fully assembled in the spares kit.
- 9. Assembly is the opposite to removal. Always fit new split pins and washers.
- 10. It is easier to fit the replacement shafts in the following sequence:- (See Fig. 21).

V. Trap pivot (shaft length 38 mm)

W. Trap 1st stage valve (shaft length 38 mm)

X. Pump pivot

(shaft length 52 mm)

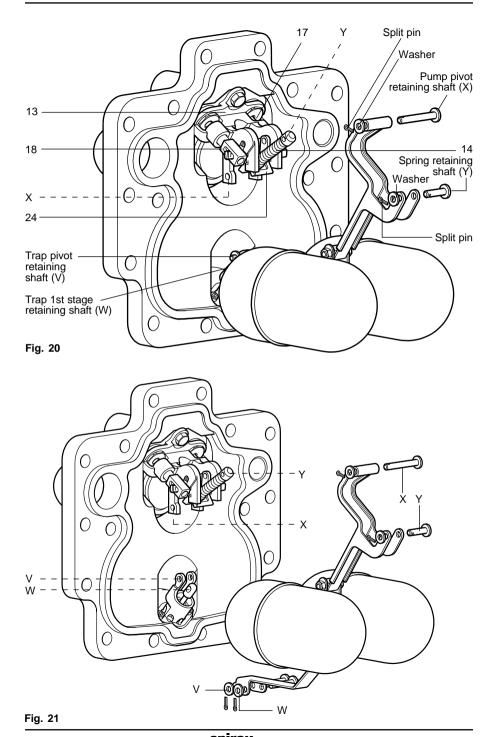
Y. Spring retainer

(shaft length 30 mm)

leaving the spring retaining shaft until after the spring and actuator arm have been correctly aligned and located within the slot of the pump bracket (item 13).

Ensure the tanged spigot of the actuator arm is correctly engaged with the exhaust valve.

- 11. When all the shafts have been secured using new split pins and washers, move the floats to their upper and lower limits to ensure the mechanism operates smoothly and the spring and actuator arm snaps over to operate the motive steam inlet and exhaust valves (items 17, 18). Note: The mechanism has been designed to be adjustment-free, simplifying the fitting of new parts. If after assembly the mechanism does not operate correctly, check all the parts are assembled and aligned as per the diagram.
- 12. With the mechanism fully assembled, refit the cover assembly to the body, ensuring the gasket faces are carefully aligned and no parts of the gasket are trapped or pinched outside the sealing areas. To ensure accurate alignment of the cover and body, it is recommended the lower part of the cover's gasket seal is located into the body first. The top part of the seal can then be easily aligned.
- 13. Refit the cover bolts ensuring they are sequentially tightened in opposing pairs, gradually increasing torque to 63 ± 5 N m (46.5 ± 4 lbf ft).
- **14.** Carefully reconnect the motive steam supply and the exhaust lines to the connections marked (IN) and (OUT). The APT14 is now ready to recommission.



## 7. Replacement of spares (2)

Section 7. covers the replacement of the following spares: trap and outlet check valve mechanism and steam inlet /exhaust valves and seats.

#### Important - safety note

Before any installation or maintenance procedure, ensure that all steam or condensate lines are isolated.

Ensure any residual internal pressure in the product or connecting lines is carefully relieved. Also ensure any hot parts have cooled to prevent risk of injury from burns. Always wear appropriate safety clothing before carrying out any installation or maintenance work.

A lifting point is cast into the top of the body. On no account should this be used to lift anything more than the total weight of the product (45 kg / 100 lbs). Always use suitable lifting gear and ensure the product is safely secured.

When dismantling this product, care should be taken to prevent injury from the snap action mechanism.

Always handle with care.

#### 7.1 Replacement of trap and outlet check valve mechanism

Please ensure the safety recommendations are observed before commencing with any maintenance of this product.

#### **Tools required**

19 mm A/F socket, 4 mm Allen key, Flat blade screw driver, Torque wrench, Long nose pliers

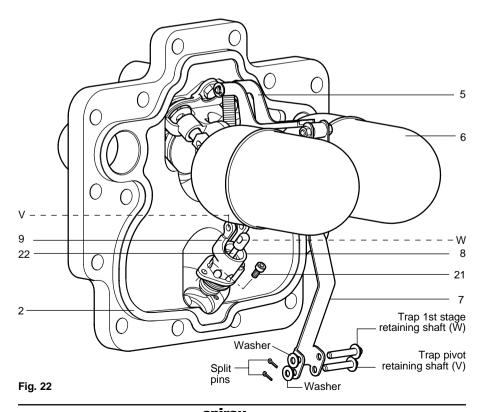
#### To fit the new trap and outlet check valve mechanism

- 1. Disconnect all connections to the cover. Remove the cover bolts using a 19 mm A/F socket, then carefully slide the cover assembly away from the body (250 mm minimum withdrawal distance will be needed). Lift the cover assembly to a bench or other convenient working surface and clamp securely, avoiding contact with the gasket face.
- Gently remove used gasket material from the body and cover being careful not to damage the gasket sealing faces.
- 3. Carefully fit a new gasket (item 2) into the existing body.
- 4. Remove split pin, washer and shaft from the trap pivot (V) (See Fig. 22).
- 5. Remove split pin, washer and shaft from the trap 1st stage valve (W).
- The floats and levers (items 5, 6,7) can now be swung out of the way leaving access to the trap and check valve assembly.
- 7. Using the 4 mm Allen key unscrew the two M5 cap screws (item 21).
- 8. The whole trap and check valve assembly can now be carefully withdrawn from the cover.
- There are no serviceable parts within this assembly; the replacement spares kit contains all new parts.
- **10.** Before fitting a new mechanism, clean the trap housing bore within the cover ensuring any sludge or scale is carefully removed and the 'O' ring sealing face is free from dirt.

- **11.** Assembly is the opposite to removal, to ease fitting, it may be necessary to lubricate the new 'O' ring with silicone grease.
- 12. Tighten the two M5 cap screws (item 21) to  $5 \pm 1$  N m (4  $\pm$  0.7 lbf ft).
- 13. Refit the two shafts (V and W) (length 38 mm) remembering to use new split pins and washers to the trap housing (item 9) and trap 1st stage valve (item 22).
- 14. Move the floats to their upper and lower limits to ensure the trap mechanism operates smoothly and both the 1st stage and 2nd stage valves (items 22, 8) slide smoothly within their guides.
- 15. With the mechanism fully assembled, refit the cover assembly to the body, ensuring the gasket faces are carefully aligned and no parts of the gasket are trapped or pinched outside the sealing areas. To ensure accurate alignment of the cover and body, it is recommended the lower part of the cover's gasket seal is located into the body first. The top part of the seal can then be easily aligned.
- **16.** Refit the cover bolts ensuring they are sequentially tightened in opposing pairs, gradually increasing torque to 63 ± 5 N m (46.5 ± 4 lbf ft).

Bolt size	Socket size	Tightening torque
M12 x 45	19 mm A/F	$63 \pm 5 \text{ N m} (46.5 \pm 4 \text{ lbf ft})$

17. Carefully reconnect the motive steam supply and the exhaust lines to the connections marked (IN) and (OUT). The APT14 is now ready to recommission.



#### 7.2 Replacement of steam inlet/exhaust valves and seats

Please ensure the safety recommendations are observed before commencing with any maintenance of this product.

#### **Tools required**

13, 19 mm A/F sockets and 24 mm A/F deep series socket, Flat blade screw driver, Torque wrench, Long nose pliers.

#### To replace the steam inlet and exhaust valve and seats

- 1. Remove the cover and old gasket (see cover gasket replacement procedure Section 6.1).
- 2. Lift the cover assembly to a bench or other convenient working surface and clamp securely, avoiding contact with the gasket face.
- 3. Carefully remove the circlip, washer and the inlet valve spring (item 27) from the end of the steam inlet valve (item 17).
- 4. Remove the three M8 bolts (items 20) using the 13 mm A/F socket.
- 5. Lift away the pump bracket assembly as this will allow access to the valve seats.
- 6. Using the 24 mm socket unscrew both the steam inlet and exhaust seats.
- 7. The seats, metal gaskets and steam inlet valve can now be removed.
- 8. Carefully clean the threads and gasket faces within the cover assembly ensuring all residues are removed.
- 9. Insert the replacement steam valve assembly (item 16 and item 17) according to Fig. 23.
- 10. Place a new metal gasket (item 19) onto the threads of the seat before tightening into the cover.
- 11. Tighten the seat using the 24 mm socket to  $125 \pm 7$  N m ( $92 \pm 5$  lbf ft).
- 12. The exhaust seat can be replaced in a similar way.
- 13. Refit the bracket to the cover and tighten the three M8 bolts using the 13 mm A/F socket to  $18 \pm 2$  N m  $(13 \pm 1.5$  lbf ft).
- **14.** It is important to ensure a new circlip is fitted to the steam inlet valve after the bracket has been bolted in place.
- **15.** To remove the exhaust valve (item 18), remove split pins, washers, and shafts (X and Y) from the top spring pivot point and pump pivot point (See Fig. 24).
- 16. Allow the spring to drop free.
- 17. Draw the actuator arm downwards within its slots until the whole spring and actuator arm assembly with the exhaust valve comes free. It may be necessary to slide the exhaust valve backwards against its internal spring to free it from the pump bracket guide (item 13).
- 18. Align the slot in the exhaust valve (item 18) with the tang of the actuator arm (item 24) (See Fig. 24).
- 19. Gently rotate the exhaust valve away from the tanged spigot of the actuator arm.
- 20. Fitting the replacement exhaust valve is the opposite to removal, remembering to compress the small spring within the new valve before refitting to the tanged spigot of the actuator arm.

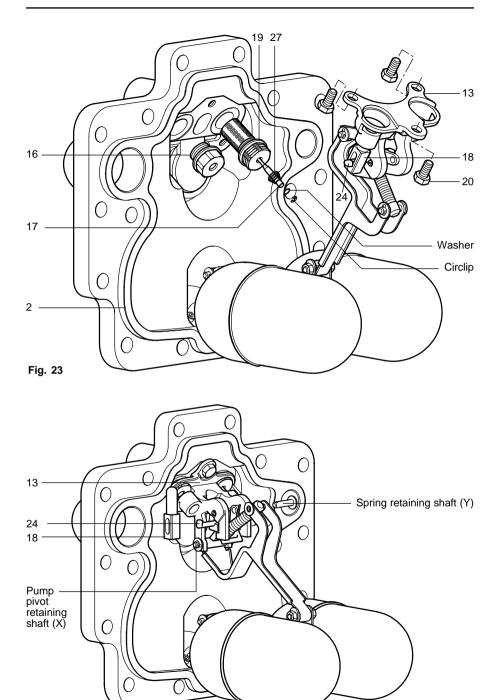


Fig. 24

- 19. Ensure the actuator is correctly aligned and located within the slots of the pump bracket (item 13).
- 20. Once this is correctly located, ensure the exhaust valve can slide easily within its guides.
- 21. When refitting the spring retaining shaft (Y) (30 mm long) and pump pivot retaining shaft (X) (52 mm long), always use new split pins and washers.
- **24.** Check that the mechanism snaps over and opens and closes the valves by moving the floats to their upper and lower limits of travel.
  - **Note:** The valve gear has been designed to be adjustment-free, simplifying the fitting of new parts. If after assembly the mechanism does not operate correctly, check all the parts are assembled and aligned as per Fig. 25.
- 25. With the mechanism fully assembled, refit the cover assembly to the body, ensuring the gasket faces are carefully aligned and no parts of the gasket are trapped or pinched outside the sealing areas. To ensure accurate alignment of the cover and body, it is recommended the lower part of the cover's gasket seal is located into the body first. The top part of the seal can then be easily aligned.
- 26. Refit the cover bolts ensuring they are sequentially tightened in opposing pairs, gradually increasing torque to 63 ± 5 N m (46.5 ± 4 lbf ft).
- 27. Carefully reconnect the motive steam supply and the exhaust lines to the connections marked (IN) and (OUT). The APT14 is now ready to recommission.

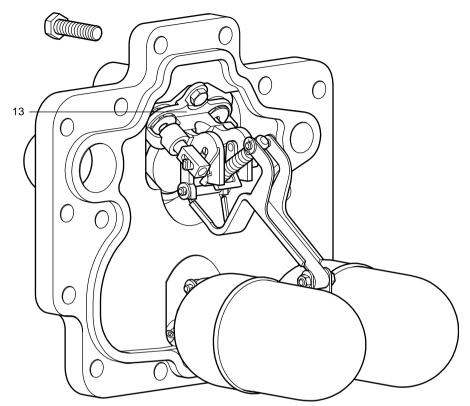


Fig. 25

## 8. Fault finding guide

#### Caution

Installation and trouble shooting should only be performed by qualified personnel. Before any maintenance is attempted, ensure any residual internal pressure in the product or connecting lines is carefully relieved. Also ensure any hot parts have cooled to prevent risk of injury from burns. Always wear appropriate safety clothing before carrying out any installation or maintenance work.

A lifting point is cast into the top of the body. On no account should this be used to lift anything more than the total weight of the product ( $45 \, \text{kg} / 100 \, \text{lbs}$ ). Always use suitable lifting gear and ensure the product is safely secured. When dismantling this product, care should be taken to prevent injury from the snap action mechanism. Always handle with care.

The APT14 has been thoroughly tested before it leaves the factory. This includes a comprehensive functional test. If the unit has failed to operate it is likely that an installation problem could exist. Please check the following before commencing with the trouble-shooting chart.

#### 8.1 Trouble areas to check first:-

- · Are all isolating valves open?
- Is the condensate inlet strainer (as recommended in Fig. 11 page 9) clean and free from debris?
- Does the installation head available exceed 0.2 m (8") from the base of the pump?
- Is the available motive pressure higher than the total back pressure? (not exceeding 13.8 bar g (200 psi g))
- Is the exhaust balance line (OUT) connected to the outlet of the equipment being drained and is it free from obstruction (refer to installation diagram Fig. 11, page 9)?
- Is the direction of flow though the unit correct, indicated by the flow arrow?

## 8.2 Quick reference trouble-shooting guide

SYMPTOM	APT14 fails to operate on start-up.
CAUSE 1 CHECK and CURE	No motive presure. Motive supply pressure exceeds total back pressure.
CAUSE 2 CHECK and CURE	Inlet isolation valve maybe closed. Inlet pipe is free from obstructions and the isolation valve is open.
CAUSE 3 CHECK and CURE	Motive inlet and exhaust lines incorrectly connected.  Motive = IN, Exhaust = OUT.
CAUSE 4	The rate of condensate produced by the process maybe very low, causing the APT to cycle slowly.
CHECK and CURE	The process being drained is operating correctly.
SYMPTOM	Equipment flooded - but APT14 appears to cycle normally.
CAUSE 1 CHECK and CURE	APT is undersized for the application. Check system parameters agree with the custom sizing sheet / graph.
SYMPTOM	Equipment flooded and APT14 has stopped cycling.
CAUSE 1 CHECK and CURE	Blocked exhaust line. Balance line is free from obstruction and is not waterlogged. Refer to installation diagram Fig. 11 page 9.
CAUSE 2 CHECK and CURE	Blocked condensate inlet line. Inspect and clean the strainer mesh, check for blockages.
CAUSE 3 CHECK and CURE	Blocked condensate outlet line. Inspect line for blockages.
CAUSE 4 CHECK and CURE	Damaged mechanism.  Mechanism operates as per Section 5. Replace malfunctioning part.
CAUSE 5 CHECK and CURE	No motive steam available.  Steam supply to APT14 is available and at the correct pressure. Motive pressure must exceed total back pressure.
CAUSE 6 CHECK and CURE	Leaking motive inlet valve.  If APT14 body is hot (observe safety note), this indicates the APT14's mechanism is stuck on the discharge cycle. Check mechanism for excessive friction as per Section 5. Check motive inlet valve and spring for correct operation - replace malfunctioning part as per Section 7.
CAUSE 7 CHECK and CURE	Broken spring. If APT14 body is cold, this indicates the APT14's mechanism is stuck on the filling cycle. Check pump mechanism spring - replace malfunctioning part as per Section 6.
CAUSE 8 CHECK and CURE	Blocked condensate inlet line. Inspect and clean the filter, check for blockages.
SYMPTOM	Chattering or banging of the APT14 during cold start-up.
CAUSE 1 CHECK and CURE	Hydraulic pulsing of the inlet check valve. Reduce installation head to APT - install throttling valve on APT14 condensate inlet.
SYMPTOM	Chattering or banging in the return line after APT14 discharges.
CAUSE 1 CHECK and CURE	Live steam entering discharge line. Ensure steam traps draining the motive supply line are discharging to a non-flooded condensate return. Condensate return is adequately sized according to TR-GCM-23.

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